TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESS OPTIMIZATION METHODS

(course title)

COURSE SYLLABUS ABSTRACT

1-36 01 01 - «Engineering technology»

(speciality code and name)

	Form of higher education		
	Full-time	extramural	extramural abbreviated
Year	4	4	4
Semester	7	7	7
Lectures, hours	16	2	4
Practical (seminar) classes	-	2	-
Laboratory classes, hours	16	2	4
Exam, semester	7	7	7
Contact hours	32	6	8
Independent study, hours	76	102	100
Total course duration in hours / credit units	108/3	108/3	108/3

- 1 The purpose of the discipline "Technological process optimization methods" is to increase the level of specialized competence in solving problems of optimization of various technological processes.
- 2. Course learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course, students will be expected to

know:

- elements of mathematical logic, graph theory, set theory, types of mathematical models, methods of linear and dynamic programming, the use of these methods for modeling technological problems.
- types of computer-aided design systems (CAD), elements of system engineering, methods of algorithmization of technological tasks, modeling methods for design engineering, types of CAD software;

be able to:

- to model the most productive technological routes in the GPS;
- to simulate the optimal equipment of the machining center;
- to optimize the total tolerance field; to simulate the optimal trajectory of the cutting tool;
- to optimize cutting modes;

possess:

- modern methods for optimizing technological processes.
- 3. Competencies

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Codes of generated competencies	Names of competencies being formed
SK-1.2	Know the elements of mathematical logic, graph theory, set theory, types of mathematical models, methods of linear and dynamic programming, the use of these methods to optimize technological processes.
SK-1.3	To know the types of computer-aided design systems (CAD), elements of system engineering, methods of algorithmization of technological tasks, modeling methods in design engineering, types of CAD software.

- 4. Requirements and forms of current and intermediate certification. To assess the level of knowledge of students, the following diagnostic tools are used:
- Written reports on laboratory work with their oral defense;
- control polls;
- Interview during individual and group consultations;
- Submitting an account.