

HISTORY OF POLITICAL AND LEGAL THOUGHT
 ANNOTATION
 TO THE CURRICULUM OF THE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION
 For specialty: 1-37 01 02

	Full-time education
специальность	1-37 01 02
Well	3
Semester	5
Lectures	18
Seminars	16
offset	5
classroom hours	38
Independent work	34
Total hours/credits	72/2

1. Brief content of the discipline

The specialized elective module "History of political and legal doctrines" has a general theoretical profile. Theories about the state and law are formed by the work of many researchers, evolutionarily starting from conceptual ideas and ending with fundamental teachings. The history of political and legal doctrines reflects the process of their formation and development.

The history of political and legal ideas is influenced not only by the development of the state and law, but also by other social circumstances that necessitate the teaching of these teachings in conjunction with the philosophical and ethical views of the respective authors.

2. Learning outcomes

In accordance with the requirements of the educational standard, the student must know:

ways of formation and development in the historical, cultural, civilizational and ideological perspective of the doctrines of the state and law;

the reasons for the emergence and development of the relevant theories about the state and law, the factors that determine these processes;

worldview, socio-political and other foundations of teachings and doctrines from the state and law;

main ideas and categories of political and legal ideology;

basic teachings about the essence of the state and law;

modern theories about the state and law;

representatives and authors of political and legal thought;

be able to:

characterize the content of political and legal theories, relevant scientists, their argumentation;

systematize and analyze information about the main political and legal ideas;

determine the reasons that caused the emergence of certain doctrines of the state and law;

determine the practical significance of theories in the period of their emergence and at the present time;

analyze the history of political and legal doctrines as a reflection of real social factors and intellectual potentials of certain scientists in the context of the needs of the respective society;

own:

possess an interdisciplinary approach to solving problems;

possess research skills;

own systemic and comparative analysis;

Possess the skills of independent work.

3. Formed competencies

Codes of competencies to be formed Names of competencies to be formed

SLK-1 Possess the qualities of citizenship.

SLK-2. Be capable of social interaction.

SLK-3. Possess the ability for interpersonal communication.

SLK-6. Be able to work in a team.

SLK-7. Independently acquire and use in practice new knowledge and skills, including in new areas of knowledge that are not directly related to the field of activity.

AK-2 Be proficient in systemic and comparative analysis.

AK-5 Be able to generate new ideas (be creative)

AK-4. Know how to work independently.

AK-6. Have an interdisciplinary approach to problem solving.

4. Requirements and forms of current and intermediate certification:

oral survey, written survey, abstract protection, offset.